

# OP300D InGaAs Geiger Mode Avalanche Photodiode

## Product Features

OP300D is an InGaAs avalanche photodiode device. The product is based on the high gain characteristics of the Geiger mode, which multiplies the detected photon Geiger into a macroscopic current. It is designed for single photon detection applications. OP300D adopts TO coaxial pigtail package structure, and the incoming optical interface is single/multimode fiber with FC/UPC connector (0.9mm tight sleeve protection tube).



## Main photoelectric indicators

### Linear mode parameters

Characteristic parameters	Test conditions (TC=25±5°C unless otherwise specified)	Minimal	Greatest	Unit
Effective detection surface diameter	-	25	-	μm
Spectral Response Range	-	950	1650	nm
Reverse breakdown voltage $V_{BR}$	$I_R=10\ \mu A, \Phi_e=0$	60	85	V
Responsiveness $R_e$	$\Phi_e=1\ \mu W, VR=(V_{BR}-1)V, \lambda=1550nm\pm 50nm$	8	-	A / W
Dark Current $I_D$	$V_{DC}=(V_{BR}-1)V, \Phi_e=0$	-	1	nA
Capacitance $C_{tot}$	$V_{DC}=(V_{BR}-1)V, f=1MHz$	-	0.6	pF
Temperature coefficient of breakdown voltage $\eta$	$T_C=-45\sim +30^\circ C, I_R=10\ \mu A, \phi_e=0$	0.10	0.15	V / °C

### Geiger model parameters

Characteristic parameters	Test Condition	Minimal	Greatest	Unit
Single Photon Detection Efficiency $PDE$	$T_A=-40\pm 5^\circ C, f_g=10MHz, f_p=100kHz, DCR=10kHz, \lambda=1.55\ \mu m$	15	-	%
Dark Count Rate $DCR$	$T_A=-40\pm 5^\circ C, g=10MHz, f_p=100kHz, SPDE=15\%, \lambda=1.55\ \mu m$	-	10	kHz
Post-Pulse Probability $APP$ (2us)	$T_A = -40\pm 5^\circ C, f_g = 10\ MHz, f_p = 100\ kHz, SPDE = 15\%, \Delta t = 1\ \mu s, \lambda = 1.55\ \mu m$	-	2	%
Time Jitter $T_J$	SPDE=15%	-	800	ps

Note:  $\lambda$  is the wavelength of incident light,  $T_A$  is the value of test temperature,  $\mu$  is the average number of photons per pulse,  $f_g$  is the frequency of gating signal, and  $f_p$  is the frequency of optical pulse signal.

## Absolute maximum ratings and recommended operating conditions

Serial Number	Parameters	Rating Value
Absolutely Maximum Rating	1 Storage temperature $T_{STG}$	-50°C~+85°C
	2 Operating ambient temperature $T_C$	-50°C~60°C
	3 Welding temperature $T_{slid}(time)$	260° C(10s)
	4 Reverse DC bias voltage $V_{DC}$	$V_{BR}+5V$
	5 Input optical power $\phi_e$ (continuous)	1mW
	6 Forward current $I_F$ (continuous)	200μA
	7 Electrostatic Discharge Sensitivity $ESD$	≥300V
	8 Pigtail Tension	3.0N

Serial Number	Parameters	Rating Value
Recommendation Working Conditions	1 APD chip operating temperature $T_{th}$	-50°C~-30°C
	2 Reverse DC bias voltage $V_{DC}$	$V_{BR}+1V$ to $V_{BR}+5V$

## Typical Characteristic Curve

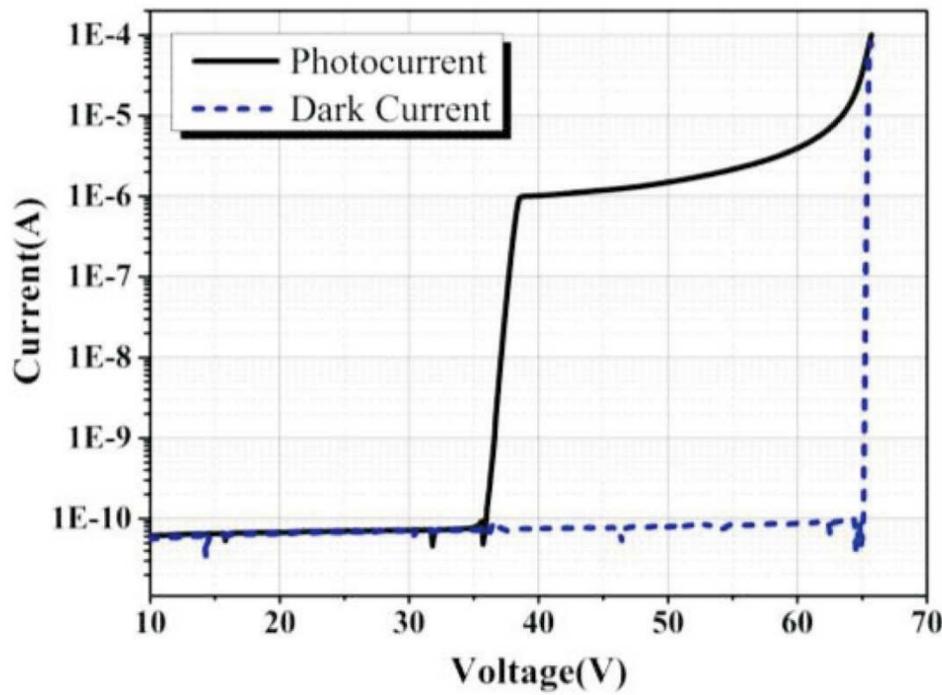


Fig. 1 Photocurrent and dark current curves

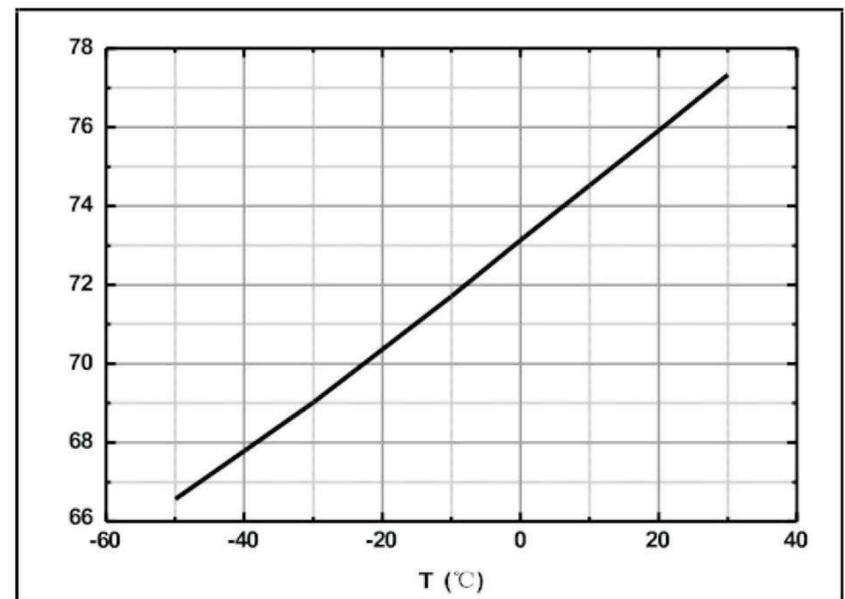
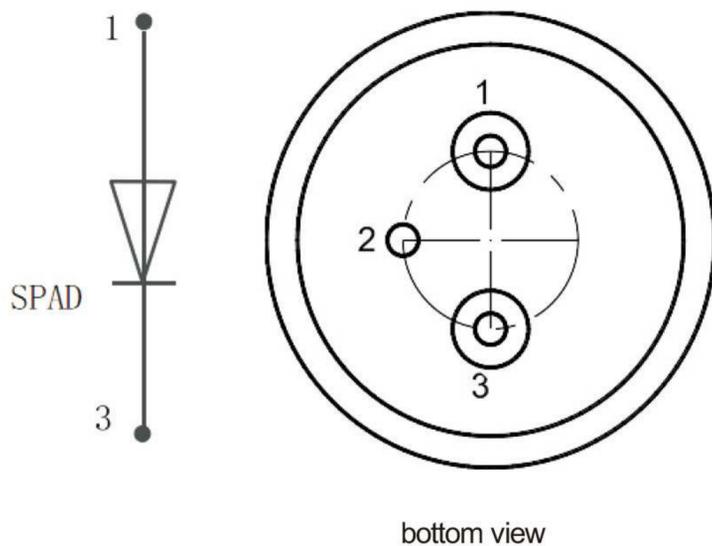
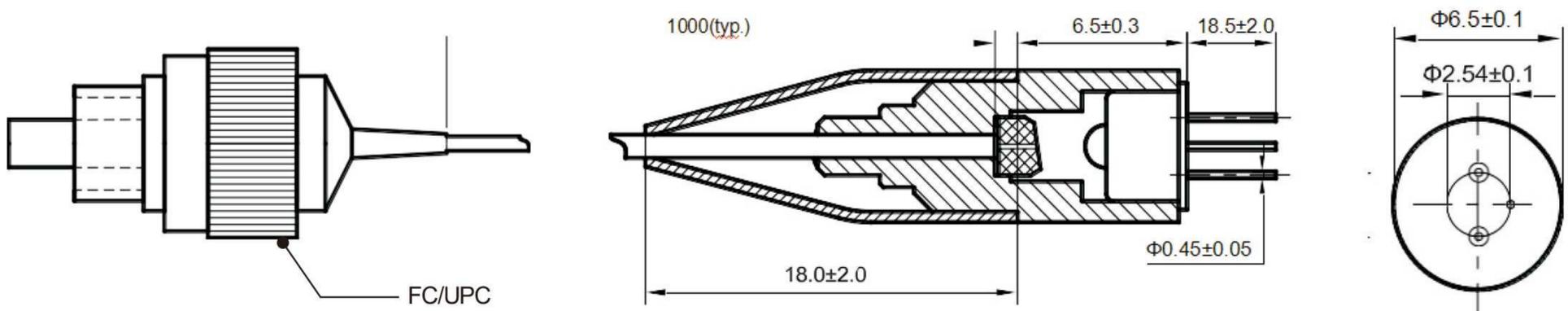


Fig. 2 Temperature coefficient of breakdown voltage

## Package form factor, dimensions, equivalent circuitry, and pin definitions (in mm)



PIN#	Sym.	Description
1	P	P (Anode)
2	G	Ground
3	N	N (Cathode)

Note: If not specifically required, the fiber optic interface is singlemode fiber (0.9mm tight protection tube), fiber length 1.0 m.